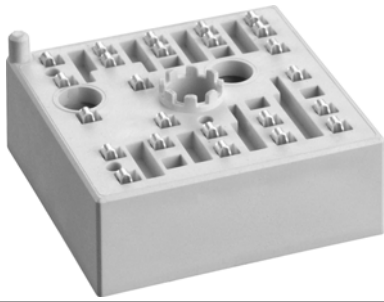


# SKiIP 12NAB12T4V1



MiniSKiIP® 1

## SKiIP 12NAB12T4V1

### Features

- Trench 4 IGBT's
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

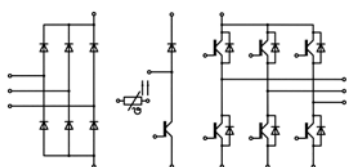
### Typical Applications\*

- Inverter up to 12 kVA
- Typical motor power 5,5 kW

### Remarks

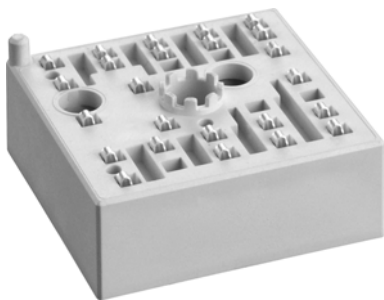
- $V_{CEsat}$ ,  $V_F$  = chip level value
- Case temp. limited to  $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$  max. (for baseplateless modules  $T_C = T_S$ )
- product rel. results valid for  $T_j \leq 150$  (recomm. Top =  $-40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ )

Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Symbol	Conditions		Values	Unit
<b>Inverter - IGBT</b>				
$V_{CES}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1200	V
$I_C$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
$I_C$	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
$I_{Cnom}$			15	A
$I_{CRM}$	$I_{CRM} = 3 \times I_{Cnom}$		45	A
$V_{GES}$			-20 ... 20	V
$t_{psc}$	$V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} \leq 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CES} \leq 1200\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
$T_j$			-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Chopper - IGBT</b>				
$V_{CES}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1200	V
$I_C$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
$I_C$	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
$I_{Cnom}$			15	A
$I_{CRM}$	$I_{CRM} = 3 \times I_{Cnom}$		45	A
$V_{GES}$			-20 ... 20	V
$t_{psc}$	$V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} \leq 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CES} \leq 1200\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
$T_j$			-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Inverse - Diode</b>				
$V_{RRM}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1200	V
$I_F$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	21	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	16	A
$I_F$	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	23	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
$I_{Fnom}$			15	A
$I_{FRM}$	$I_{FRM} = 3 \times I_{Fnom}$		45	A
$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms, sin } 180^\circ, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		65	A
$T_j$			-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Freewheeling - Diode</b>				
$V_{RRM}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1200	V
$I_F$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	22	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	16	A
$I_F$	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	22	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	22	A
$I_{Fnom}$			15	A
$I_{FRM}$	$I_{FRM} = 3 \times I_{Fnom}$		45	A
$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms, sin } 180^\circ, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		65	A
$T_j$			-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$



NAB

# SKiIP 12NAB12T4V1



MiniSKiIP® 1

## SKiIP 12NAB12T4V1

### Features

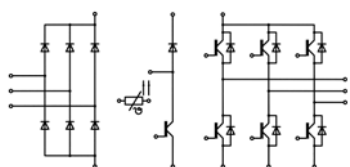
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- Typical motor power 5,5 kW

### Remarks

- $V_{CEsat}$ ,  $V_F$  = chip level value
- Case temp. limited to  $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$  max. (for baseplateless modules  $T_C = T_S$ )
- product rel. results valid for  $T_j \leq 150$  (recomm. Top =  $-40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ )



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Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Unit	
<b>Rectifier - Diode</b>				
$V_{RRM}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1600	V	
$I_F$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	39	A	
$I_{Fnom}$		8	A	
$I_{FSM}$	10 ms	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	220	A
	sin 180°	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	200	A
$I^2t$	10 ms	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	242	A <sup>2</sup> s
	sin 180°	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	200	A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_j$		-40 ... 150	°C	
<b>Module</b>				
$I_t(\text{RMS})$	$T_{\text{terminal}} = 80^\circ\text{C}, 20\text{A per spring}$	20	A	
$T_{\text{stg}}$		-40 ... 125	°C	
$V_{\text{isol}}$	AC sinus 50Hz, 1 min	2500	V	

Characteristics					
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
<b>Inverter - IGBT</b>					
$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$I_C = 15\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.85	2.10	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.25	2.45	V
$V_{CE0}$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	0.9	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.7	0.8	V
$r_{CE}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	70	80	mΩ
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	103	110	mΩ
$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}\text{ V}, I_C = 1\text{ mA}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.1	0.3	mA
					mA
$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	0.90		nF
$C_{oes}$		$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	0.08		nF
$C_{res}$		$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	0.06		nF
$Q_G$	- 8 V...+ 15 V		85		nC
$R_{Gint}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.00		Ω
$t_{d(\text{on})}$	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	15		ns
$t_r$	$I_C = 15\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	25		ns
$E_{on}$	$R_{Gon} = 16\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.4		mJ
$t_{d(\text{off})}$	$R_{Goff} = 16\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	260		ns
$t_f$		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	75		ns
$E_{off}$	$V_{GE} = +15/-15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.3		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT		1.3		K/W
<b>Chopper - IGBT</b>					
$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$I_C = 15\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.85	2.10	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.25	2.45	V
$V_{CE0}$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	0.9	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.7	0.8	V
$r_{CE}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	70	80	mΩ
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	103	110	mΩ
$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}\text{ V}, I_C = 1\text{ mA}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.1	0.3	mA
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$			mA
$Q_G$	- 8 V...+ 15 V		85		nC
$R_{Gint}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.00		Ω

# SKiIP 12NAB12T4V1



MiniSKiIP® 1

## SKiIP 12NAB12T4V1

### Features

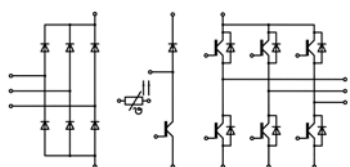
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- UL recognised file no. E63532

### Typical Applications\*

- Inverter up to 12 kVA
- Typical motor power 5,5 kW

### Remarks

- $V_{CEsat}$ ,  $V_F$ = chip level value
- Case temp. limited to  $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$  max. (for baseplateless modules  $T_C = T_S$ )
- product rel. results valid for  $T_j \leq 150$  (recomm. Top =  $-40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ )



NAB

Characteristics					
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
<b>Chopper - IGBT</b>					
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	15		ns
$t_r$	$I_C = 15\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	25		ns
$E_{on}$	$R_{G\ on} = 16\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.4		mJ
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{G\ off} = 16\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	260		ns
$t_f$		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	75		ns
$E_{off}$	$V_{GE} = +15/-15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.3		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT		1.3		K/W
<b>Inverse - Diode</b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 15\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.40	2.7	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ chiplevel	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.4	2.8	V
$V_{F0}$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.3	1.5	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.9	1.1	V
$r_F$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	72	81	m $\Omega$
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	103	111	m $\Omega$
$I_{RRM}$	$I_F = 15\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	28		A
$Q_{rr}$	$di/dt_{off} = 1180\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.6		$\mu\text{C}$
$E_{rr}$	$V_{GE} = -15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.1		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode		1.92		K/W
<b>Freewheeling - Diode</b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 15\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.4	2.7	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ chiplevel	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.4	2.8	V
$V_{F0}$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.3	1.5	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.9	1.1	V
$r_F$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	72	81	m $\Omega$
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	103	111	m $\Omega$
$I_{RRM}$	$I_F = 15\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	28		A
$Q_{rr}$	$di/dt_{off} = 1180\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.6		$\mu\text{C}$
$E_{rr}$	$V_{GE} = -15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.1		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode		1.92		K/W
<b>Rectifier - Diode</b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 8\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1	1.21	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ chiplevel	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.1	V
$V_{F0}$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.0	V
		$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.8	V
$r_F$		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	15	29	m $\Omega$
		$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		34	m $\Omega$
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode		1.5		K/W
<b>Module</b>					
$M_s$	to heat sink		2	2.5	Nm
$w$			35		g
<b>Temperatur Sensor</b>					
$R_{100}$	$T_r = 100^\circ\text{C}$ , tolerance = 3 %		1670 $\pm$ 3%		$\Omega$
$R(T)$	$R(T) = 1000\ \Omega [1 + A(T - 25^\circ\text{C}) + B(T - 25^\circ\text{C})^2]$ $A = 7.635 \cdot 10^{-3}\ \text{C}^{-1}$ , $B = 1.731 \cdot 10^{-5}\ \text{C}^{-2}$				

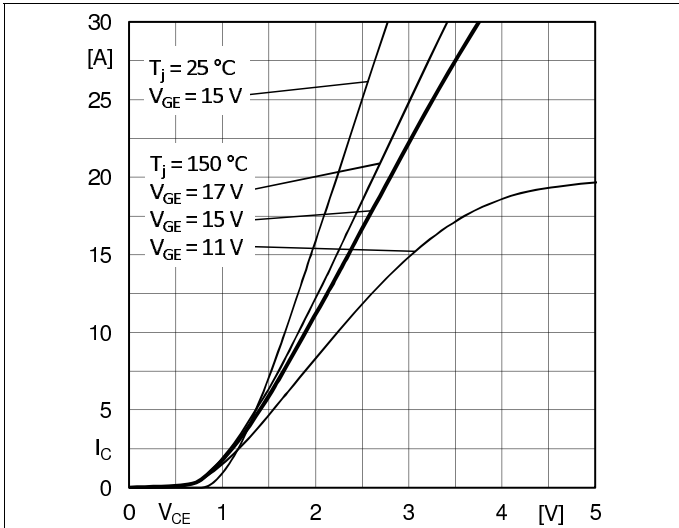


Fig. 1: Typ. output characteristic

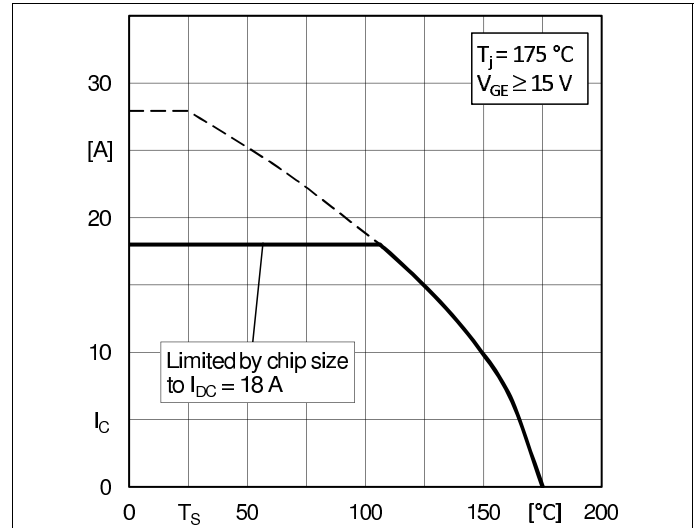


Fig. 2: Typ. rated current vs. temperature  $I_C = f(T_S)$

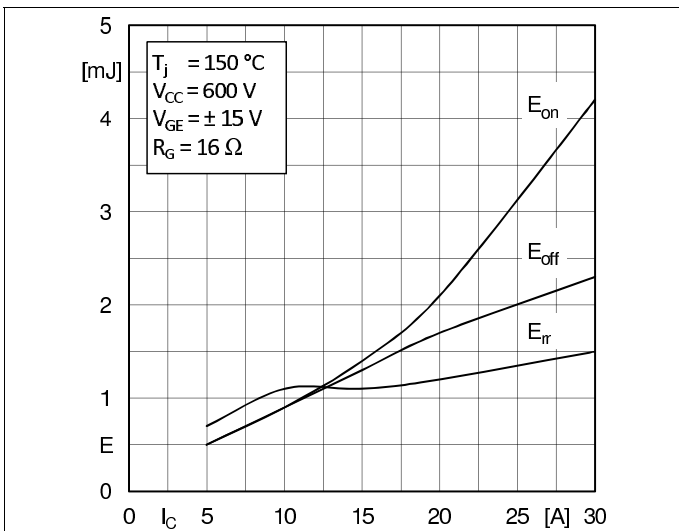


Fig. 3: Typ. turn-on /-off energy =  $f(I_C)$

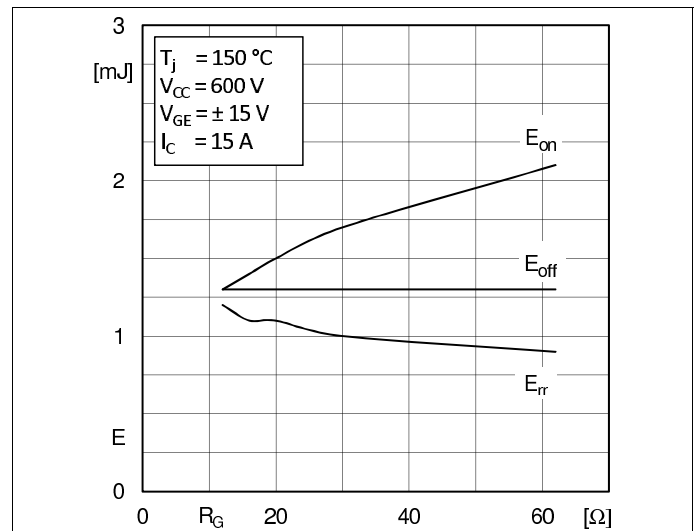


Fig. 4: Typ. turn-on /-off energy =  $f(R_G)$

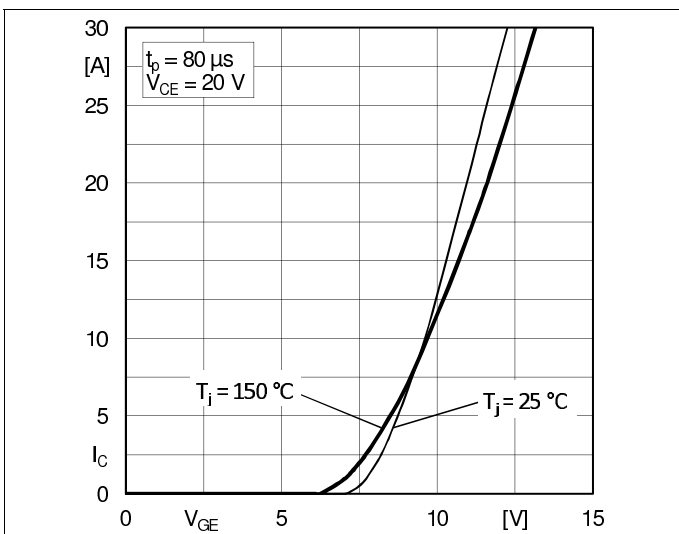


Fig. 5: Typ. transfer characteristic

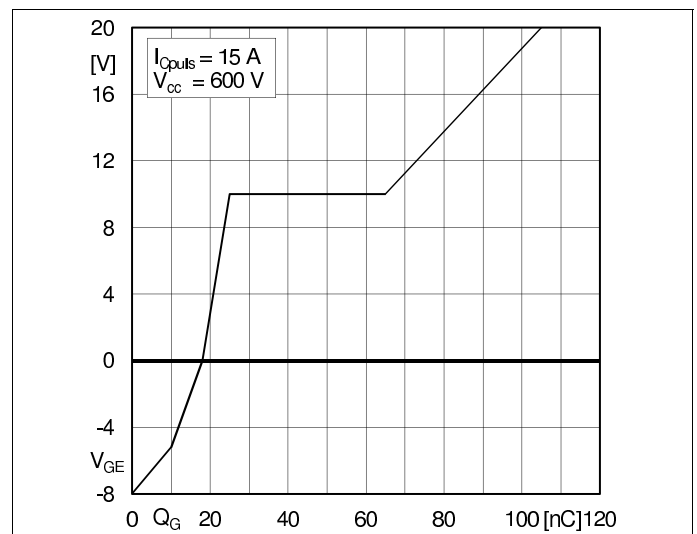


Fig. 6: Typ. gate charge characteristic

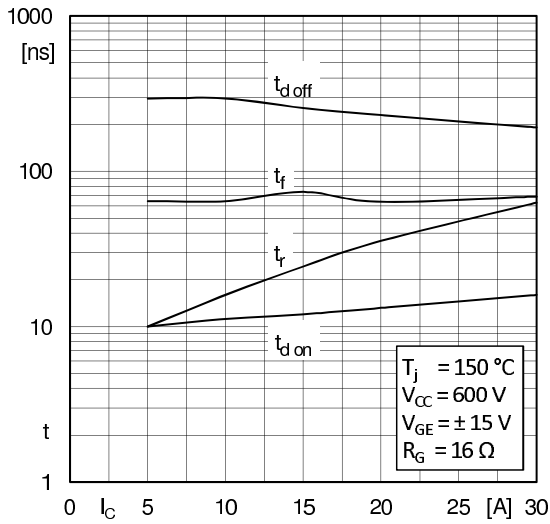


Fig. 7: Typ. switching times vs.  $I_C$

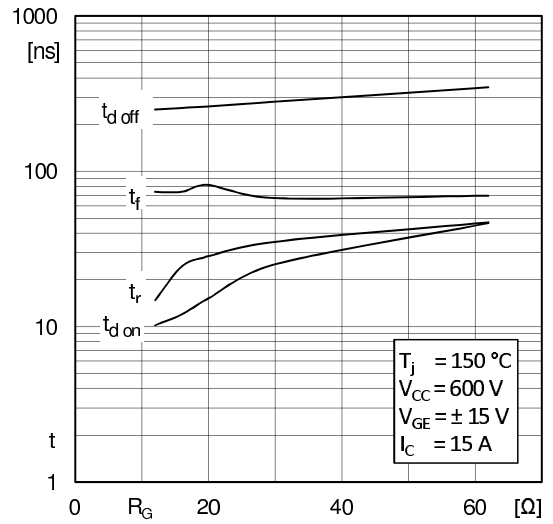


Fig. 8: Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor  $R_G$

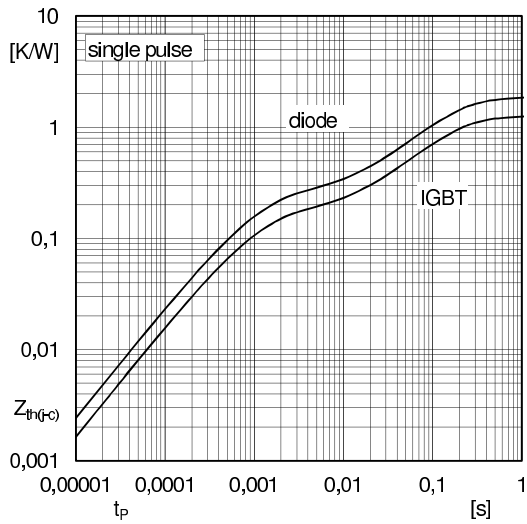


Fig. 9: Transient thermal impedance of IGBT and Diode

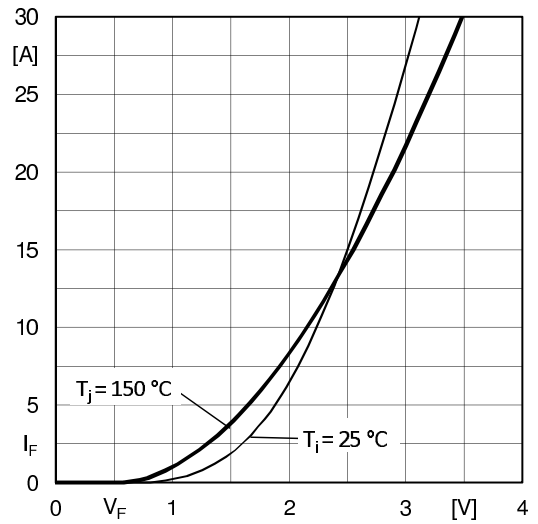


Fig. 10: CAL diode forward characteristic

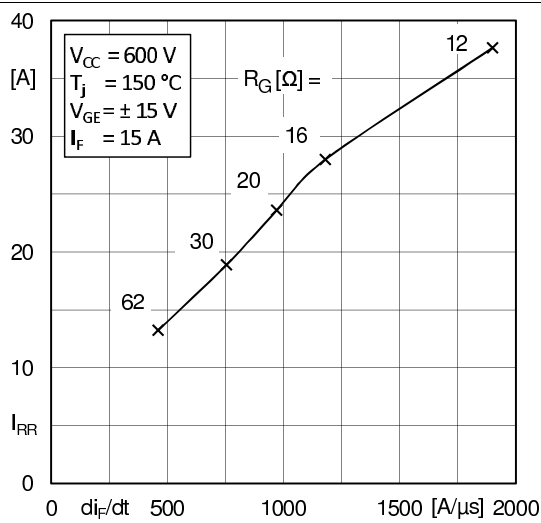


Fig. 11: Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery current

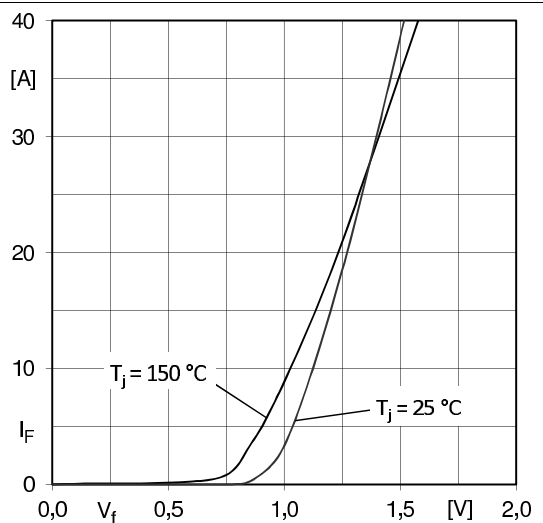


Fig. 12: Typ. input bridge forward characteristic

